LIBERATION DAY CELEBRATIONS, JANUARY 26, 2020 - IBANDA DISTRICT

NATIONAL THEME:
Celebrating the NRM/NRA’s Patriotic Armed Struggle that Sparked off a New Chapter of Unity, Freedom and National Security
“Uganda’s Liberation Day is celebrated country-wide every 26th of January. The day commemorates and salutes the contribution of selfless citizens who engineered the country’s Liberation Movement climaxing into a new Government in 1986 and the progress made ever since to date.”

*It is, therefore, our pleasure to share with you the selected statistical indicators across sectors highlighting the nation’s growth and recovery paths over the years since 1986.*
H.E Yoweri Kaguta Museveni  
President of the Republic of Uganda

Congratulatory message

The Board of Directors, Management and Staff of the Uganda Bureau of Statistics congratulate His Excellency the President of the Republic of Uganda Gen. Yoweri Kaguta Museveni and the entire people of Uganda on this occasion of celebrating the 34th Liberation Day anniversary.

As we join the rest of the country in the celebration, we take the honour to salute all patriotic Ugandans in their desirous and selfless efforts geared towards sustaining the victory and gains of the Liberation Movement. In the same spirit, we commit ourselves to continuously deliver on our mandate of producing and disseminating quality official statistics for continuous and sustainable national development.

Robin Kibuka (PhD)  
UBOS, Board Chairman

Chris N. Mukiza (PhD)  
Executive Director

Long live Your Excellency, Long live the people of Uganda!

UGANDA AT A GLANCE

- Uganda has a total land area of 241,550.7 square kilometres, of which 36,864.01 square kilometres is covered by water bodies while wetlands cover 7,620.76 square kilometres.
- The national agricultural land increased from 99,703.1 square kilometres in 2005 to now 105,317.2 square kilometres while the built up land area covers 1,360.02 square kilometres.
- Over the last 25 years, forest cover has significantly reduced by 60%. Currently, round wood production has increased by 1,587,000 tonnes.

Share of the national land cover (%) square kilometres

- In 1986, projected Uganda’s total population stood at approximately 15 million people.
- In 2020, Uganda’s total population is projected to grow to about 41.6 million people (51% female and 49% male). Wakiso district remains the most populated with a projected population of 2,915,200 million people followed by Kampala with 1,680,600 persons. Kalangala district has the least population, projected at 67,200 persons in 2020.
- The population growth rate is 3.0%

Source: UBOS Statistical Abstract, 2018

- In 1986, the Total Fertility Rate was seven children per woman.
- The Total Fertility Rate has since declined to approximately five children per woman now.

Source: UBOS Censuses and Population Projections Reports 1969 - 2020
Fertility Trends

Life expectancy at birth, 1991-2016

Source: Uganda Demographic and Health Survey (UDHS) Report, 2016

- Life Expectancy at Birth was approximately 47 years in 1986
- The Life Expectancy at Birth has since improved to 63.7 years. This was also an increase from 50.4 years in 2002.
- The women have a longer life expectancy of 64.5 years compared to 52.0 years in 2002.
- The men on the other hand have a life expectancy of 62.8 years compared to 48.8 years in 2002.

WATER AND SANITATION

- Total water production by the National Water and Sewerage Corporation (NWSC) increased to 126.3 million cubic meters as of 2018 from 120.6 million cubic meters in 2016.

Water Produced by NWSC 2012 – 2018 (Cubic Meters)

- At national level, there was an increase of households using improved water sources from 68% in 2012/13 to 80% in 2016/17.
- Kampala has the highest number of households with improved water sources (96%) followed by Busoga (93%) while Ankole has the least (57%).
- 8.2% of households have hand washing facilities (water and soap) after use of the toilet.
- 83% of households use pit latrines.
- 7% of households do not have toilet facilities.
- Only 3% of the households use flush toilets.
- In the rural areas, 9% of the households do not use any toilet facilities, compared to 2% of the households in urban areas.

Source: Uganda National Household Survey, 2016/17
ENERGY

• The total installed capacity of electricity power sources has increased to 937.8 MW from 895.5 MW in 2016. The increase was as a result of the commissioning of new power plants i.e Muvumbe and Silli hydro electric power stations, Access Power Station and Tororo Solar Power station. It is projected that the Karuma construction works upon completion, will further boost the national electricity capacity.
• The national on-grid electricity generated increased to 4,084.5 GWh as of 2018 from 3,856.2 GWh in 2017.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Electricity Generated (GWh)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>1,827.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>1,952.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>2,147.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>2,521.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>3,090.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>3,272.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>3,321.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>3,534.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>3,856.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>4,084.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Consumption of electricity now stands at 100.3 Billion Kwh per capita. It has been steadily increasing from 91.4 Billion Kwh per capita in 2014/15 to 92.8 in 2015/16 and 97.3 in 2016/17. 

Source: UBOS Statistical Abstract, 2018
• At the national level, the use of Electricity for lighting stands at 22% up from 14% in 2012/13.
• Use of Tadooba for lighting is 28%, down from 58% in 2012/13.
• 18% of the households use Solar for lighting
• 64% of the households use Firewood for cooking, a reduction from 76% in 2012/13.
• 30% of the households use Charcoal for cooking, an increase from 20% in 2012/13.
• Only 8% of the households use Electricity, Kerosene and Gas for cooking.

Source: Uganda National Household Survey, 2016/17

ANKOLE REGION AT A GLANCE

• Ankole sub-region is found in the Western region. It comprises of 12 districts of Bushenyi, Mbarara, Rwampara, Kako, Ntungamo, Ibanda, Isingiro, Kiruhura, Buhweju, Mitooma, Rubirizi and Sheema.
• The projected total population for the region is 3,304,400 people in 2020.
• The most populous district in Ankole sub-region is Isingiro with a projected mid-year total population of 596,400 persons in 2020.

ANKOLE REGION POPULATION SIZE AND COMPOSITION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Total Population 2014</th>
<th>Projected Population (Mid-year 2020)</th>
<th>% Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bushenyi</td>
<td>234,443</td>
<td>248,300</td>
<td>50.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mbarara</td>
<td>344,904</td>
<td>390,700</td>
<td>51.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rwampara</td>
<td>127,725</td>
<td>144,600</td>
<td>51.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ntungamo</td>
<td>483,841</td>
<td>540,800</td>
<td>51.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ibanda</td>
<td>249,625</td>
<td>277,300</td>
<td>51.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isingiro</td>
<td>486,360</td>
<td>596,400</td>
<td>51.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kiruhura</td>
<td>151,023</td>
<td>185,700</td>
<td>47.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kako</td>
<td>177,054</td>
<td>217,600</td>
<td>50.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buhweju</td>
<td>120,720</td>
<td>144,100</td>
<td>50.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mitooma</td>
<td>183,444</td>
<td>194,300</td>
<td>52.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rubirizi</td>
<td>129,149</td>
<td>144,100</td>
<td>52.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheema</td>
<td>207,343</td>
<td>220,500</td>
<td>51.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ANKOLE</strong> (TOTAL)</td>
<td><strong>2,895,631</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,304,400</strong></td>
<td><strong>51.4</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Other indicators for the Ankole sub-region from the Uganda National Population and Housing Census (NP&HC), 2014 include:
• 51.4% of the total population in are females.
• 23% of the households are female headed.
• Population growth rate for the region is 2.3% lower than the national population growth rate of 3.0%.
• Female widowhood in the region stands at 41%.
• 5% of children aged 10 – 17 years in the region are in child marriages.
• 9% of children aged 0 – 17 years are orphaned.
• School attendance stands at 82% for 6 to 12 year olds and 31% for 13 to 18 year olds.
• Literacy rate stands at 83%.
• 68% of the households get information from radio.
• 16% of the households get information by word of mouth.
• 17% of the households have access to electricity.
• 94% of the households own a mosquito net.
• 28% of the households own a bicycle.
A MAP OF ANKOLE REGION SHOWING 2020 MIDYEAR POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY DISTRICT

IBANDA DISTRICT AT A GLANCE

- Ibanda district is bordered by Kamwenge district to the North, Kiruhura and Kazo district to the East, Mbarara and Buhweju to the South, Rubirizi and Kitagwenda to the West. Ibanda Municipality is the largest urban centre in the district and doubles as the location of the district headquarters. The municipality is approximately 70 kilometres by road northwest of Mbarara.

- The projected total mid-year 2020 population for Ibanda district stands at 277,300 people.

A MAP OF IBANDA DISTRICT SHOWING THE POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY SUBCOUNTY

Other indicators for Ibanda District from the Uganda National Population and Housing Census (NP&HC), 2014 include:

- 51.1% of the total population are female.
- 24% of the households are female headed.
- 6% of children aged 10 – 17 years are in child marriages.
- 9% of children aged 0 – 17 years are orphaned.
- School attendance stands at 82% (6-12 years) and 31% (13-18 years).
- Literacy rate stands at 76% lower than the Ankole sub-region of 83%.
- 96% of households own a mosquito net.
- 1% of households have no toilet facility.
- 71% of the households get information from radio.
- 15% of the households get information by word of mouth.
- 31% of households own a bicycle.
- 15% of households use electricity for lighting.
- 61% of households use tadooba for lighting.

Source: Uganda National Population and Housing Census (NP&HC), 2014

### Distribution of Households who Derive Livelihood from Subsistence Farming in Ibanda District by Sub county

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub county</th>
<th>Projected Population (Mid-year 2020)</th>
<th>Total Households</th>
<th>Households by Source of Livelihood</th>
<th>% of households relying on subsistence farming</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Igorora Town Council</td>
<td>6,600</td>
<td>1,393</td>
<td>875 Subsistence Farming 518 Other Sources</td>
<td>62.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ishongororo</td>
<td>16,300</td>
<td>3,032</td>
<td>2,790 242</td>
<td>92.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ishongororo Town Council</td>
<td>24,700</td>
<td>4,740</td>
<td>3,753 987</td>
<td>79.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keihangara</td>
<td>12,800</td>
<td>2,443</td>
<td>2,136 307</td>
<td>87.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kicuzi</td>
<td>18,400</td>
<td>3,524</td>
<td>3,322 202</td>
<td>94.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kijongo</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>2,149</td>
<td>1,891 940</td>
<td>88.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kikyenkye</td>
<td>13,100</td>
<td>2,596</td>
<td>2,153 443</td>
<td>82.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nyamarebe</td>
<td>25,800</td>
<td>4,860</td>
<td>4,339 521</td>
<td>89.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rukiri</td>
<td>27,000</td>
<td>5,355</td>
<td>4,765 590</td>
<td>89.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rushango Town Council</td>
<td>4,400</td>
<td>873</td>
<td>779 94</td>
<td>89.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rwenkoba Town Council</td>
<td>3,400</td>
<td>743</td>
<td>614 129</td>
<td>82.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bisheshe Division</td>
<td>35,000</td>
<td>6,843</td>
<td>5,667 1,176</td>
<td>82.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butunda Division</td>
<td>42,200</td>
<td>8,230</td>
<td>4,909 3,321</td>
<td>59.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kagango Division</td>
<td>39,100</td>
<td>8,219</td>
<td>4,883 3,336</td>
<td>59.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>277,300</td>
<td>55,000</td>
<td>42,876 12,806</td>
<td>78.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Out of a total of 55,000 households in Ibanda district, 78% are engaged in subsistence farming


Source: Uganda National Household Survey, 2016/17
A MAP OF IBANDA DISTRICT SHOWING THE PERCENTAGE OF CHILDREN (6-12 YEARS) NOT IN SCHOOL BY SUBCOUNTY

Source: Uganda National Household Survey, 2016/17

A MAP OF IBANDA DISTRICT SHOWING THE PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH NO TOILET FACILITY BY SUBCOUNTY

Source: Uganda National Household Survey, 2016/17
A MAP OF IBANDA DISTRICT SHOWING POVERTY RATES BY SUBCOUNTY

A MAP OF IBANDA DISTRICT SHOWING CHILD POVERTY RATES BY SUBCOUNTY

Source: Uganda National Household Survey, 2016/17
A MAP OF UGANDA SHOWING POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY DISTRICT

UBOS in liaison with the Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries (MAAIF) will be conducting the National Livestock Census to avail up-to-date indicators for enhanced evidence based decision making in the sector.

The data collection exercise will commence in March 2020 Country wide.

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